

Problem 9.2 of Shuler & Kargi. Batch fermentor operated in two stages. Given. Odesolve
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Cell growth parameters:

$$\mu_{m1} := 0.3 \text{ h}^{-1} \quad \mu_{m2} := 0 \quad K_s := 0.1 \text{ g/liter} \quad Y_x := 0.4 \text{ g cell/g substrate}$$

$$\mu_x(s, t, t_{f1}) := (t < t_{f1}) \cdot (0 < s) \cdot \frac{\mu_{m1} \cdot s}{K_s + s} + (t_{f1} \leq t) \cdot (0 < s) \cdot \frac{\mu_{m2} \cdot s}{K_s + s} \quad \mu_y(s) := (0 < s) \cdot \frac{\mu_{m1} \cdot s}{K_s + s}$$

Product formation parameters:

$$Y_p := 0.6 \text{ g product/g substrate} \quad q_p(s, t, t_{f1}) := (t_{f1} \leq t) \cdot (0 < s) \cdot 0.02 \text{ g product/(g cell-h)}$$

Initial condition $x_0 := 0.1 \quad s_0 := 5 \quad y_0 := 0 \quad p_0 := 0$

Dynamic equations for the first phase of batch fermentor.

Given

$$x'(t) = \mu_x(s(t), t, t_{f1}) \cdot x(t) \quad x(0) = x_0$$

$$s'(t) = -\frac{1}{Y_x} \cdot \mu_x(s(t), t, t_{f1}) \cdot x(t) - \frac{1}{Y_p} \cdot q_p(s(t), t, t_{f1}) \cdot x(t) \quad s(0) = s_0$$

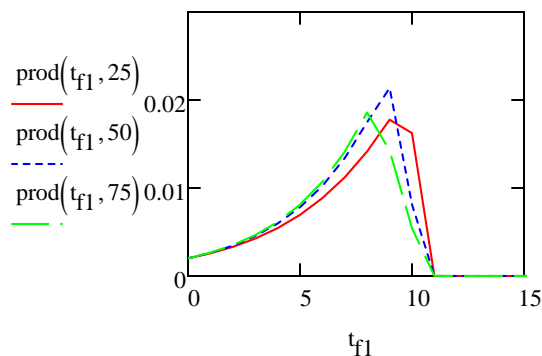
$$p'(t) = q_p(s(t), t, t_{f1}) \cdot x(t) \quad p(0) = p_0$$

$$xsp(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) := \text{Odesolve} \left[\begin{pmatrix} x \\ s \\ p \end{pmatrix}, t, t_{f2} \right] \quad Pf(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) := \begin{pmatrix} x \\ s \\ p \end{pmatrix} \leftarrow xsp(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) \quad \text{prod}(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) := \frac{Pf(t_{f1}, t_{f2})}{t_{f2}}$$

Maximize product productivity

$$t_{f1} := 0, 1 \dots 25$$

Product Productivity

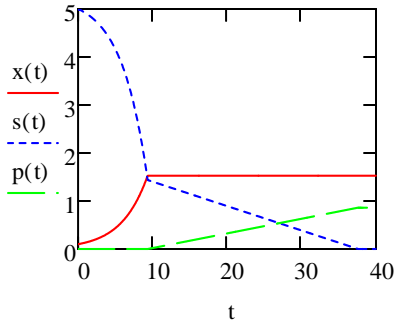


Provide initial guess $t_{f1} := 10 \quad t_{f2} := 50 \quad \text{prod}(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) = 8.121 \times 10^{-3}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_{f1} \\ t_{f2} \end{pmatrix} := \text{Maximize}(\text{prod}, t_{f1}, t_{f2}) = \begin{pmatrix} 9.336 \\ 40 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{prod}(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) = 0.022$$

The productivity in 2 CSTRs in series was 0.027 g/(L-h)

$$\text{profile} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ s \\ p \end{pmatrix} := xsp(t_{f1}, t_{f2})$$



The product is encoded in a plasmid. Upon cell division, there is a small probability $P=0.001$ of a plasmid-bearing cell x producing a plasmid-free offspring y .

$P := 0.001$

Given

$$x'(t) = (1 - P) \cdot \mu_x(s(t), t, t_{f1}) \cdot x(t)$$

$$x(0) = x_0$$

$$y'(t) = \mu_y(s(t)) \cdot y(t) + P \cdot \mu_x(s(t), t, t_{f1}) \cdot x(t)$$

$$y(0) = y_0$$

$$s'(t) = -\frac{1}{Y_x} \cdot \mu_x(s(t), t, t_{f1}) \cdot x(t) - \frac{1}{Y_y} \cdot \mu_y(s(t)) \cdot y(t) - \frac{1}{Y_p} \cdot q_p(s(t), t, t_{f1}) \cdot x(t)$$

$$s(0) = s_0$$

$$p'(t) = q_p(s(t), t, t_{f1}) \cdot x(t)$$

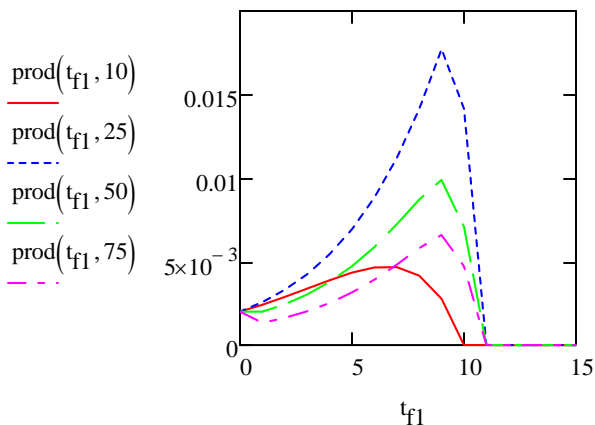
$$p(0) = p_0$$

$$\text{xyssp}(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) := \text{Odesolve} \left[\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ s \\ p \end{pmatrix}, t, t_{f2} \right] \quad \text{Pf}(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) := \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ s \\ p \end{pmatrix} \leftarrow \text{xyssp}(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) \quad \text{prod}(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) := \frac{\text{Pf}(t_{f1}, t_{f2})}{t_{f2}}$$

Maximize product productivity

$t_{f1} := 0, 1 \dots 15$

Product Productivity

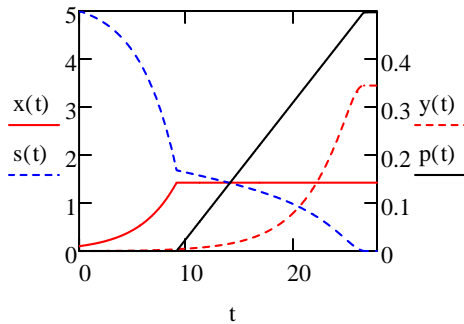


Provide initial guess $t_{f1} := 5$ $t_{f2} := 20$ $\text{prod}(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) = 6.505 \times 10^{-3}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} t_{f1} \\ t_{f2} \end{pmatrix} := \text{Maximize}(\text{prod}, t_{f1}, t_{f2}) = \begin{pmatrix} 9.1 \\ 27.817 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{prod}(t_{f1}, t_{f2}) = 0.018$$

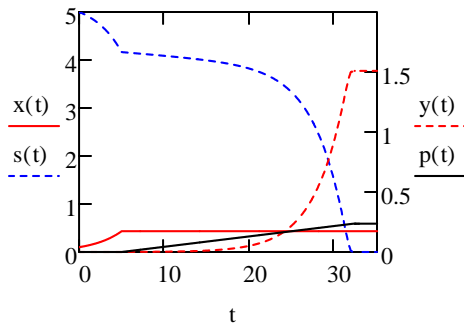
Optimal profile $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ s \\ p \end{pmatrix} := \text{xysp}(t_{f1}, t_{f2})$

Optimum Profile



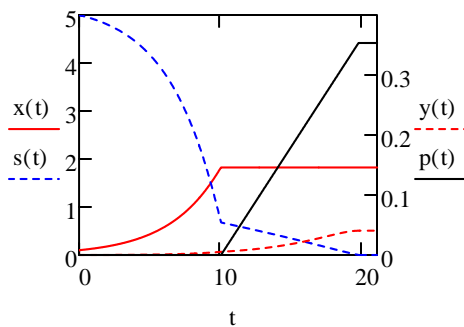
Sub optimal profile $t_{f1} := 5 \quad t_{f2} := 35$

Induction at 5h



Sub optimal profile $t_{f1} := 10 \quad t_{f2} := 21$

Induction at 10h



product concentration at end of the run

$$p_f := p(t_{f2}) = 0.497 \quad \text{g/L}$$

Fraction of plasmid-free cells at end of the run

$$\frac{y(t_{f2})}{x(t_{f2}) + y(t_{f2})} = 0.195$$

$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ s \\ p \end{pmatrix} := \text{xysp}(t_{f1}, t_{f2})$

product concentration at end of the run

$$p_f := p(t_{f2}) = 0.236 \quad \text{g/L}$$

Fraction of plasmid-free cells at end of the run

$$\frac{y(t_{f2})}{x(t_{f2}) + y(t_{f2})} = 0.777$$

Fermentation time for 5-h induction was longer than that for 10-h induction (~32h versus ~20h). Product concentration for 5-h induction was lower than that for 10-h induction (0.236 g/L versus 0.353 g/L). 5-h induction led to a fermentor full of nonproductive plasmid-free cells, the fraction of nonproductive plasmid-free cells being 0.777 for 5-h induction versus 0.022 for 10-h induction.

$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ s \\ p \end{pmatrix} := \text{xysp}(t_{f1}, t_{f2})$

product concentration at end of the run

$$p_f := p(t_{f2}) = 0.353 \quad \text{g/L}$$

Fraction of plasmid-free cells at end of the run

$$\frac{y(t_{f2})}{x(t_{f2}) + y(t_{f2})} = 0.022$$